

# PNEUMATIC ACTUATORS

## Product Index






























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	C-slot for series 441 cylinders	MR		494	P291-7























All leaflets are available on: [www.asconumatics.eu](http://www.asconumatics.eu)

standards	model												Ø (mm)		standard stroke					type	illustration	Series	page			
	single acting	double acting		construction						min.	max.	min.	max.													
																	Equipped for position detection (1)	spare parts kit no.	ATEX							
Panel cylinders																										
						●							6	16	5	15		-	-	E		429	P210			
Short-stroke cylinders																										
										●			8	100	4	100	●	●		-		441	P215 P215-8			
Round cylinders																										
ISO 6432						●							12	25	5	400 900	●	-		-		435	P220			
						●	●						8	25	5	400 900	●	-	-	-						
ISO 6431						●							12	25	5	400 900	●	-	-	-		438	P225			
						●							32	63	5	50 1000	●	-	-	-		438	P225			
Compact cylinders according to ISO 21287 standard																										
ISO 21287										●			ISO 21287									P200-8				
						●							20	100	5	400	●	●		-		449	P226 P226-4			
	Mountings					●							20	100					-	-		434 439 493	P235			
Cylinders according to ISO 15552 standard																										
ISO 15552						●	●		●		ISO 15552											453 454 450	P200-7			
									●		32	100	25	1000	●	●		-		453	P229-2 P229-4					
							●		●		32	100	25	1000	●	●		-		454	P229-5 P229-7					
								●		32	250	25	1000	●	●		-		450	P229-9 P229-11						
	Options and specialised versions:					... Low friction /.../ Tandem / 3 positions / ...														453 454 450	P229-13 (15..36)					
						... "U" and "H" guiding units / ...																				
						... Static rod-locking device / ...																				
						... Dynamic rod-locking device / ...																				
						... Oversize piston rod / Rod bellow...																				
	Mountings					●					20	100				tt		-		493	P235					




























<sup>(1)</sup> Magnetic position detectors, see following pages.

standards	model										Ø (mm)		standard stroke					type	illustration	Series	page		
	single acting	double acting		construction						min.	max.	min.	max.										
																							
Cylinders according to ISO 6431/CETOP standards																							
ISO6431 CETOP								●					250	50	1000	●	●	-	PIS		436	P243	
Cylinders according to CNOMO - AFNOR																							
CNOMO AFNOR NF E 49001								●					25	200	5	2000	●	●	-	PCN		437	P245 P245-3
Anti-corrosive cylinders																							
ISO 6432						●	●				12	25	5	400 900	●	-	-	-		435	P220		
ISO 6431						●	●				32	80	25	800 1000	●	-	-	-		431	P255		
ISO 15552							●	●			32	125	25	500	●			E-F G-H		S	P227		

<sup>(1)</sup> Magnetic position detectors, see following pages.

standards	double acting			model			construction			Ø (mm)		standard stroke			Equipped for position detection <sup>(1)</sup>	type	illustration	Series	page			
	Non-cushioned	Elastic cushioning	Adjust. pneumatic cushioning	Without	Ball bearings	Plain bearings	Cross rollers	Round cylinder	Profiled barrel	Rotation-proof	Rodless	Rotatable	min.							max.	min.	max.
<b>Rodless cylinders</b>																						
		●	●	●		●	●				●	6	80			●		Quick Selection Chart	P259-1			
<b>Rodless cylinders with magnetic couplings</b>																						
				●							●	6	40	50	2000	●	STN		445 P260-3			
						●					●	6	40	50	1500	●	STG		445 P260-9			
<b>Rodless band cylinders</b>																						
				●							●	16	80	5	6000	●	STBN		448 P267-4			
						●					●	25	63	100	3800	●	STB		446 P265-2			
						●					●	16	80	5	5500	●	STB		448 P267-9			
							●				●	25	50	5	3750	●	STBB		448 P267-19			
																	STBN-STB-STBB	Position detectors for cylinder series 448	881 P267-31			
<b>Actuators with linear guides</b>																						
					●	●			●			16	63	10	100	●	CGT		CGT P272-2			
					●	●			●			16	32	10	160	●	P2L-P2B		447 P275-4			
<b>Rotatable cylinders (90°-180°)</b>																						
											●	12	20	-	-	● (1)	R (2 positions)		429 P285-1			
											●	16	22	-	-	● (1)	RS (2, 3 and 4 positions)		429 P285-3			

(1) Magnetic position detectors, see following pages.

model	adaptation on cylinder type						illustration	Series	page
	Reed-switch type - 2 wires	Magneto-resistive - 3 wires (MIR)	round cylinders	compact profiled barrel	tie-rods	profiled barrel			
			Series	Series	Series	C-slot for series 441 cylinders	Profiled barrel - dovetail grooves, with linear guides, types P2L, P2B		
			435 - 438	441 - 449 - 453 - 454	450 - 437 (PCN)				
<b>Position detectors - for T-slot grooves</b>									
									494 P291-1
									494 P291-3
				-			integrated	mounting kits	494 P291-5
<b>Position detectors - for C-slot grooves</b>									
			-	-	-				494 P291-7

## DEFINITION OF THE DIAMETER OF A CYLINDER

### • THE DYNAMIC EFFORT DEVELOPED BY A CYLINDER

$$F = \text{Pressure} \times \text{piston area} \times \text{efficiency}$$

The efficiency of a cylinder depends on the diameter of the cylinder, on the pressure and on its mechanical construction. The graph and chart page 6 show the dynamic effort developed by a cylinder at the piston rod, at various supply pressures.

Example: calculate a cylinder to lift a load of 130 daN with a pressure of 7 bar (gauge pressure).

$$\frac{\text{theoretical}}{\text{dynamic effort}} = \frac{\text{actual load}}{\text{load factor}} = \frac{130}{0,75} = 175 \text{ daN}$$

The graph below shows the cross over point between the dynamic effort and the supply pressure. The cylinder diameter required will be that where the curve passes this point or the cylinder giving a force immediately above that required.

In the example above: 175 daN is between Ø 50 and Ø 63. The cylinder recommended is the Ø 63 mm which will develop a force of 200 daN at 7 bar and the actual load factor is:

$$\frac{130 \text{ daN}}{200 \text{ daN}} \times 100 = 65 \%$$

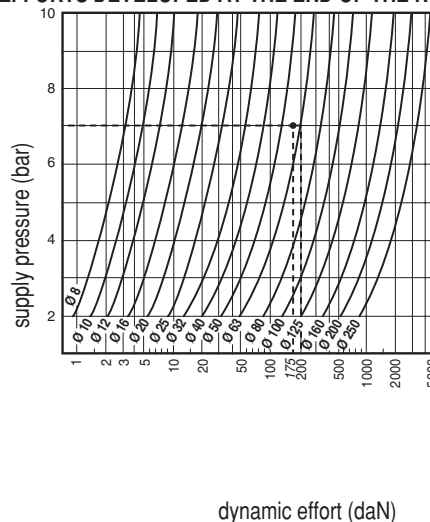
### • LOAD FACTOR

This is the relationship expressed as a percentage between the actual load being moved by the cylinder and the dynamic effort available at the end of the piston rod.

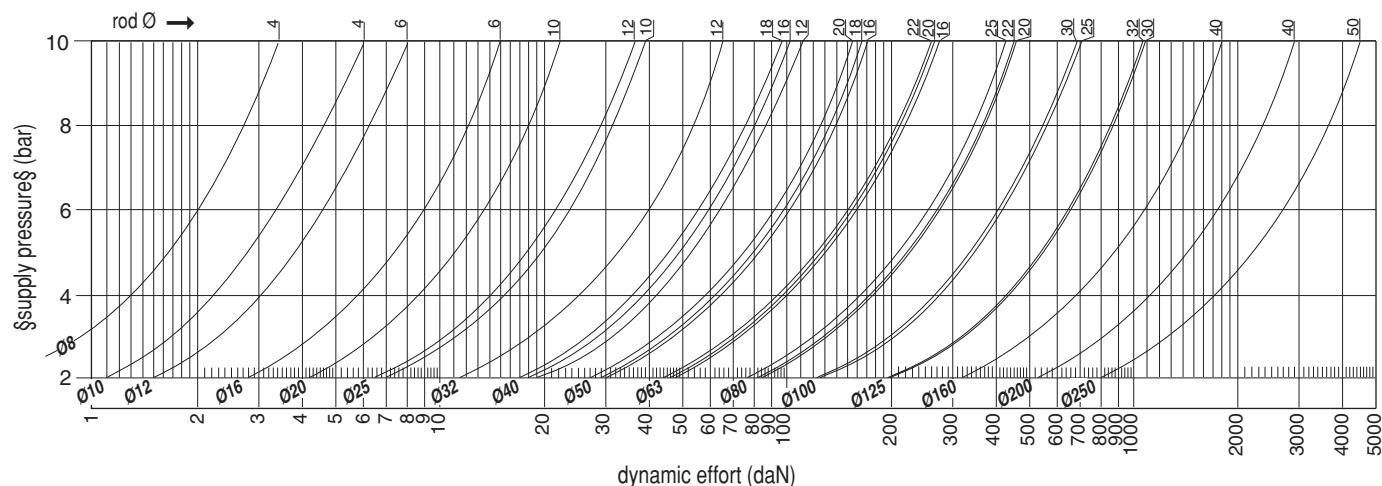
$$\text{load factor (\%)} = \frac{\text{actual load}}{\text{dynamic effort}} \times 100$$

For an optimum installation of a cylinder, we recommend a cylinder with a load factor inferior to or equal to 75%.

### EFFORTS DEVELOPED AT THE END OF THE ROD (ROD OUT)



# EFFORTS DEVELOPED AT THE END OF THE ROD (ROD RETURNED)



# EFFORTS DEVELOPED BY A CYLINDER (daN)

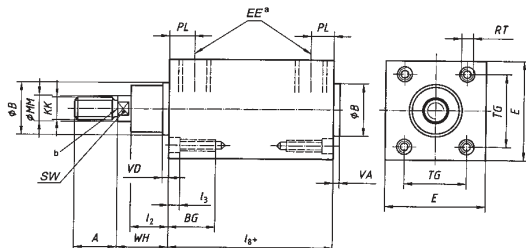
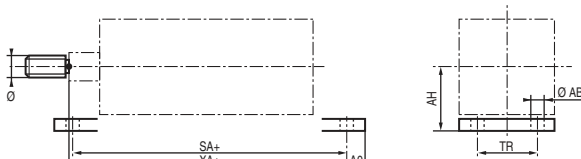
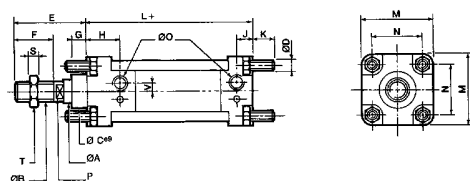
cylinder Ø (mm)	rod Ø (mm)	Series						piston cross-section area (cm <sup>2</sup> )		dynamic effort developed (daN) at various supply pressures (bar)									
		435 - 438	435 - 431 (Anti-corrosive)	449	453 - 454 - 453	437 (PCN)	436 (PIS)			2		4		6		8		10	
								●	○	●	○	●	○	●	○	●	○		
8	4	x						0,5	0,4	1,0	0,5	1,5	1,5	2,5	2,0	3,5	2,5	4,5	3,5
10	4	x						0,8	0,6	1,5	1,0	2,5	2,5	4,0	3,5	5,5	4,5	7,5	6,0
12	6	x	x					1,1	0,8	2,0	1,5	4,0	3,0	6,0	4,5	8,5	6,0	10,5	8,0
16	6	x	x					2,0	1,7	3,5	3,0	7,5	6,0	10,0	9,0	15,0	12,0	19,0	15,0
20	10	x	x	x				3,1	2,3	5,5	4,0	12,0	9,0	16,0	13,5	23,0	18,0	30,0	22,0
25	10	x	x	x				4,9	4,1	8,5	7,0	18,0	15,0	24,0	24,0	38,0	31,0	48,0	39,0
	12					x			3,8		6,5		14,0		22,0		29,0		36,0
32	12	x	x	x	x	x		8,0	6,9	13,0	11,5	30,0	25,0	46,0	40,0	62,0	52,0	77,0	66,0
	12																		
40	16		x		x			12,6	11,5		19,0		42,0		64,0		87,0		111,5
	18	x				x			10,6	21,0	18,0	46,0	39,0	70,0	59,0	95,0	80,0	122,0	102,5
									10,0								75,5		97,0
50	16				x				17,6		30,0		64,0		100,5		134,0		170,5
	18	x				x		19,6	17,0	33,0	29,0	70,0	62,0	110,0	97,0	150,0	130,0	190,0	165,0
	20		x		x				16,5		27,0		58,0		92,0		124,0		155,0
63	16				x				29,1		47,5		101,5		159,5		218,5		273,5
	20		x		x			31,2	28,1	53,0	46,0	110,0	98,0	170,0	154,0	230,0	211,0	290,0	264,0
	22	x				x			27,4		44,0		97,0		150,0		200,0		260,0
80	20				x				47,2		82,0		172,5		266,0		365,5		457,0
	22					x		50,3	46,5	88,0	81,0	185,0	170,0	285,0	262,0	385,0	360,0	480,0	450,0
	25		x		x				45,4		77,0		163,0		255,0		341,0		427,0
100	25				x			78,5	73,6	135,0	126,5	290,0	272,0	440,0	412,5	600,0	562,5	750,0	703,0
	30					x			71,5		123,0		264,0		401,0		546,5		683,0
125	30					x			115,7		198,0		433,0		658,5		870,0		1082,0
	32				x			123,0	115,0	210,0	196,5	460,0	430,0	700,0	654,5	925,0	865,0	1150,0	1075,0
160	40				x	x		201,0	188,0	350,0	320,0	750,0	700,0	1150,0	1100,0	1550,0	1500,0	1900,0	1800,0
200	40				x	x		314,0	302,0	550,0	530,0	1150,0	1100,0	1800,0	1700,0	2400,0	2300,0	3000,0	2900,0
250	50						x	491,0	471,0	825,0	800,0	1800,0	1700,0	2800,0	2750,0	3700,0	3600,0	4800,0	4500,0

● Efforts developed with rod out (bottom side)

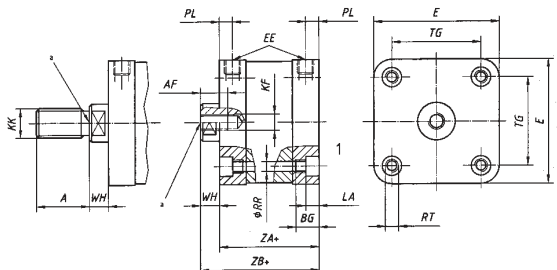
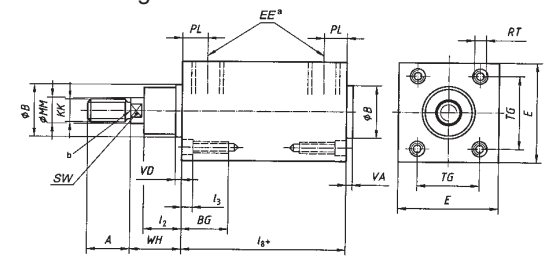
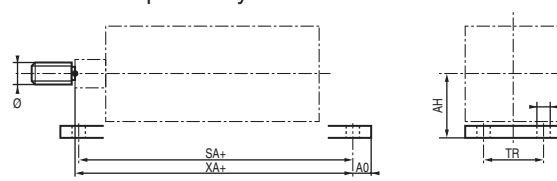
○ Efforts developed with rod returned (rod side)

Note: Cylinders with double crossbar develop identical efforts in both working directions. Their values are the ones defined here-above for efforts developed with rod returned.



standard of cylinders Ø 32 to 320 mm		INTERCHANGEABILITY		
		within the standard	between standards	
<b>ISO 15552</b> (year: 2004)		<div>For full interchangeability with ISO 15552, ISO 6431 cylinder must be equipped with its mountings, and reciprocally.</div>		
<p>This new international standard cancels and replaces ISO 6431. It defines the outer dimensions of a bare cylinder and equipped with its mountings.</p> <div></div> <div>Series 453-454-450: in accordance with the international standards</div>				<div>Full interchangeability between the manufacturers is achieved at every level:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• bare cylinder</li><li>• each mounting</li><li>• complete unit1</li></ul>
<b>AFNOR NF ISO 15552</b> (june 2004) - DIN ISO 15552				
<p>These standards fully include the international standard ISO 15552. The NF ISO 15552 is completed with a definition of the rod diameters MM and cancels and replaces standard NFE 49003 parts 1 to 3.</p> <div>Series 453-454-450: in accordance with the international standards</div>				
<b>ISO 6431 cylinders</b> (year: 1983)				
<p>This international standard defined a cylinder unit equipped with its mountings without specifying the bare cylinder alone. It is cancelled and replaced by above standard ISO 15552.</p> <div></div> <div>Series 453-454-450: in accordance with the international standards</div>		<div>Interchangeability between manufacturers is achieved by replacing both the cylinder and its mountings.</div>		
<b>AFNOR NFE 49003 - VDMA 24562 cylinders</b> (year: 1992)				
<p>These standards first define the outer dimensions of a bare cylinder and then its mountings; the cylinder with its mountings installed then corresponds to a cylinder unit according to above standard ISO 6431</p>		<div>Full interchangeability between the manufacturers is achieved at every level:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• bare cylinder</li><li>• each mounting</li><li>• complete unit1</li></ul>		
<b>CNOMO 06.07.02/AFNOR NFE 49001 cylinders</b> (year: 1968)				
<p>The French standards define first all the external dimensions of a bare cylinder then the mountings.</p> <div></div> <div>Series 437 (PCN): complies with the French standards.</div>		<div>Full interchangeability between the manufacturers is achieved at every level:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• bare cylinder</li><li>• each mounting</li><li>• complete unit1</li></ul>		
<div>No interchangeability can be achieved between CNOMO/NFE 49001 cylinder (bare or equipped) and AFNOR NFE 49003 cylinder or ISO 6431 cylinder, and reciprocally.</div>				

Note: ISO 6432 and AFNOR NFE 49030 standards apply only to mini-cylinders Ø 8 to 25 mm.

standards of cylinders		INTERCHANGEABILITY	
		within the standard	between standards
<b>ISO 21287</b> Ø 20 to 100 mm  This new international standard defines the outer dimensions of a compact bare cylinder and equipped with its mountings. The center-to-center mounting distances of dia. 32 to 100 mm cylinders are identical to those of standard ISO 15552.  <p><b>Series 449 cylinders</b> complies with the international standard</p>		Full interchangeability between the manufacturers is achieved at every level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bare cylinder</li> <li>• each mounting</li> <li>• complete unit 1</li> </ul>	32 to 100 mm dia. cylinders can be equipped with all mountings to ISO 15552.
<b>ISO 15552</b> Ø 32 to 320 mm  This new international standard cancels and replaces ISO 6431. It defines the outer dimensions of a bare cylinder and equipped with its mountings.  <p><b>Series 453-454-450 cylinders</b> complies with the international standard</p>		Full interchangeability between the manufacturers is achieved at every level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bare cylinder</li> <li>• each mounting</li> <li>• complete unit 1</li> </ul>	
<b>ISO 15552</b>  These standards fully include the international standard ISO 15552. The NF ISO 15552 is completed with a definition of the rod diameters MM and cancels and replaces standard NFE 49003 parts 1 to 3. <p><b>Series 453-450 cylinders</b> complies with the international standard</p>			
<b>ISO 6431</b> (1983)  This international standard defined a cylinder unit equipped with its mountings without specifying the bare cylinder alone. It is cancelled and replaced by above standard ISO 15552.  <p><b>Series 438 cylinders</b> complies with the international standards</p>		Interchangeability between manufacturers is achieved by replacing both the cylinder and its mountings.	